



INFRASTRUCTURE REQUIREMENTS: ADB STUDY

Based on an ADB study¹, the Philippines needs to invest at least \$127.1

Billion for the years 2010-2020 in domestic infrastructure to meet the needs of its growing population and rising incomes



Source: http://media.philstar.com/images/the-philippine-star/business/business-main/20150302/philippines-employment-construction.jpg



Source: http://www.joc.com/sites/default/files/field_feature_image/Philippines-highways-shutterstock_11929327-600.jpg

¹ Estimating Demand for Infrastructure in Energy, Transport, Telecommunications, Water and Sanitation in Asia and the Pacific: 2010-2020



PHILIPPINE INFRASTRUCTURE SPENDING

(in Million pesos)

GPH Funding	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 (GAA)	2016 (NEP)	Total
Foreign Assisted	22,755	28,968	23,420	18,617	16,023	40,769	36,803	187,355
Locally Funded	142,259	146,399	192,314	288,270	330,221	554,999	729,742	2,384,204
Total	165,014	175,367	215,735	306,887	346,245	595,767	766,545	2,571,560

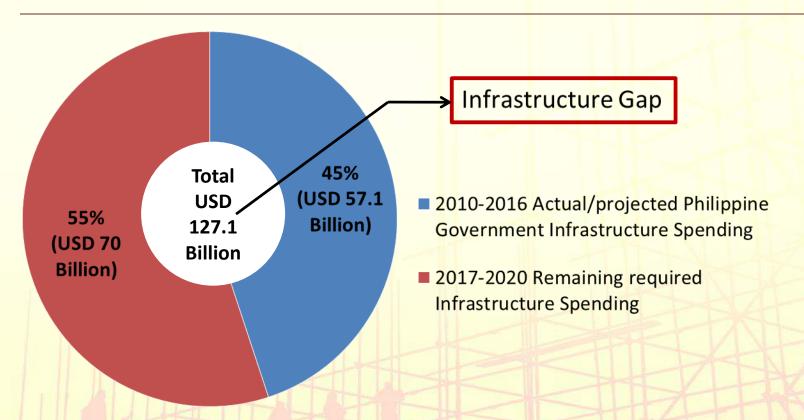
Source: Department of Budget and Management

USD 57.1 Billion

- Actual infra spending from 2010-2014 totaled to Php 1.2 Trillion (USD 26.8 billion);
- Planned infra spending for 2015 and 2016 will amount to around PhP 1.4 Trillion (USD 30.3 billion); and
- ➤ Infrastructure spending by 2016 would have reached **Php 2.6 Trillion** (USD 57.1 billion) (Using conversion rate of US\$1=PhP 45)



PHILIPPINE INFRASTRUCTURE REQUIREMENT

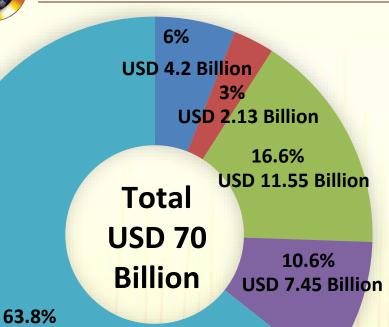


USD 57.1 Billion infrastructure spending (actual and projected until 2016) is only 45% of the USD 127.1 Billion projects required infrastructure investment according to an ADB study



USD 44.68 Billion

PPP Projects Contribution to Infrastructure Spending Gap



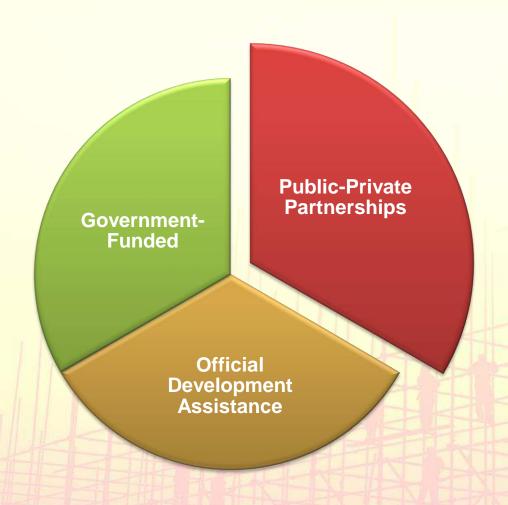
PPP Projects will contribute USD 25.33 Billion or 36.2% of the total remaining required infrastructure spending

- Awarded Projects
- Projects Under Implementation
- Rolled-out PPP Projects
- Pipeline PPP Projects
- Remaining Required Infrastructure Spending

Status (as of 23 October 2015)	No. of Projects	Estimated Cost (in Billion USD)
Awarded Projects	10	4.2
Other Projects Under Implementation	2	2.13
Rolled-out PPP Projects	15	11.55
Project for Awarding	1	0.09
Projects under procurement	14	11.46
Pipeline PPP Projects	13	7.45
Project approved for roll-out	2	2.40
For approval of relevant government bodies	7	3.77
Projects with ongoing studies	4	1.28
TOTAL	40	25.33



OVERVIEW: PH INFRASTRUCTURE PORTFOLIO



Aside from public spending, *PPPs* will bring in private sector capital and expertise to address the infrastructure gap.



THE PHILIPPINE PPP AGENDA

PPP Program is geared towards INCLUSIVE GROWTH



Private sector as

PARTNER IN

DEVELOPMENT



PPP as one of the strategies to accelerate

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT





PPP Center as the
CHAMPION FOR
PUBLIC-PRIVATE
PARTNERSHIPS



WHAT IS PPP?



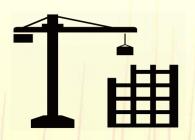
- ✓ A contractual arrangement between the Public (Implementing Agency or Local Government Unit) and private partners to accelerate provision and/or implementation of infrastructure and/or development projects or services
- The contractual agreement provides clearly-defined roles and responsibilities of the parties/partners.
- ✓ There is allocation of rewards/revenues/ costs/risks between public and private partners.



THE ROLE OF THE PRIVATE SECTOR



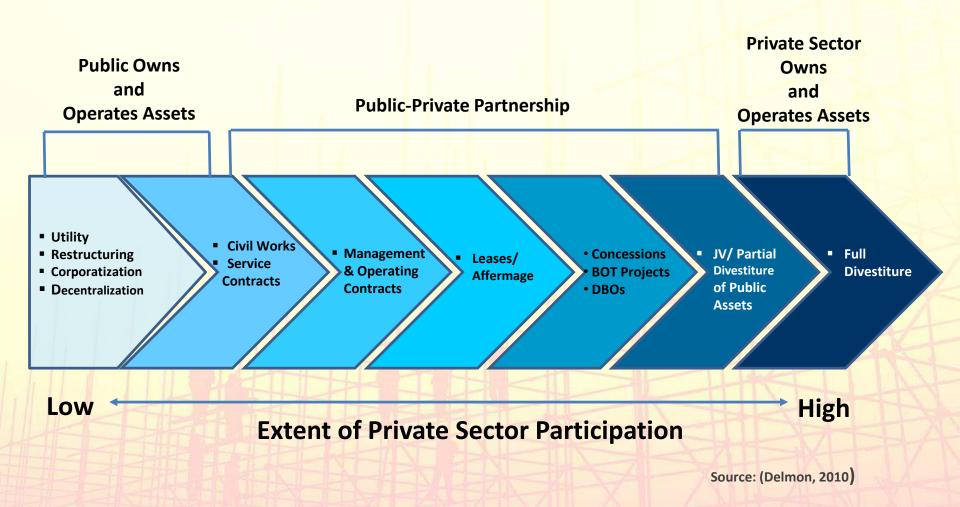
State's partner in development



 Offers efficiency gains in technology and innovation that may be too costly for the state



 Can finance, design, construct, and operate the facility, in exchange is authorized to collect fees





LEGAL AND REGULATORY FRAMEWORK

1987 Philippine Constitution

"The State recognizes the indispensable role of the private sector, encourages private enterprise, and provides incentives to needed investments."

 RA 6957, as amended by RA 7718: The Amended Build-Operate-and-Transfer (BOT) Law and its Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR)

Other Major Laws

RA 8974 (Right of Way Acquisition Act)

RA 8975 (Expeditious Implementation and Completion of Government Infrastructure Projects by Prohibiting Lower Courts from Issuing Temporary Restraining Orders)

RA 7160 (Local Government Code)



ELIGIBLE TYPES OF PPP PROJECTS



Economic Infrastructure	Social Infrastructure	Others
 Highways/Roads Railroads & Railways Ports Airports Transport Systems Water Supply Land Reclamation Solid Waste Management 	 Agriculture Canals, Dams, Irrigation Education Health Facilities Prison Facilities 	 ICT Systems/Facilities Tourism Facilities Industrial & Tourism Estates Markets, Warehouses, Slaughterhouses Housing, Government Buildings Climate change mitigation/adaptation infrastructure projects



OVERVIEW OF THE PPP PROCESS

Development Stage

Approval Stage

Competition Stage

Cooperation Stage

- Project Identification
- Project Preparation (Feasibility Study, Market Sounding Activity)
- Finalization of Project Structure
- Project submission to relevant approving bodies
- Project Assessment and Appraisal
- ICC-Cabinet Committee Project Approval/Recommendation
- NEDA Board Approval
- Prequalification (e.g. Advertisement of Invitation to Prequalify to Bid, Prequalification Conference, Submission of Prequalification Documents)
- Bid Proper (e.g. Pre-bid Conference, Bid Submission, Bid Opening and Evaluation)
- Project Award to Private Partner
- Contract Signing
- Financial Close
- Implementation (e.g. Preparation of Detailed Engineering Design, Construction, Commissioning)
- Turnover of Facility/ Infrastructure Back to Government



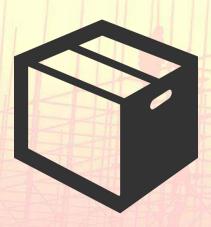
OVERVIEW OF THE BIDDING PROCESS

Two-Stage Bidding Process



STAGE 1: Prequalification of Bidders (2-3 months)

- From publication of project advertisement/ invitation to prequalify and bid (ITPB)
- Conduct of Investors Forum and Pre-bid Conference
- Preparation and submission of qualification documents legal, technical, financial requirements



STAGE 2: Bid Proper (5-8 months)

- From issuance of Instructions to Bidders (ITB) to release of Notice of Award (NOA)
- Conduct of Pre-bid Conference, one-on-one sessions with bidders, and responses to bidder queries
- Bidders' due diligence review and submission of bids



INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK

Contracting Parties/Implementing Agencies

- Line Agencies (national agencies)
- Government Corporations
- Local Government Units

Review and Approving Bodies

- Local Government Councils
- Investment Coordination Committee (ICC)
- National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA) Board

Regulatory Agencies

- Toll Regulatory Board (TRB)
- Metropolitan Waterworks and Sewerage System (MWSS)
- Energy Regulatory Commission (ERC)

Coordinating and Monitoring Agency

PPP Center



THE PPP CENTER



Per Executive Order No. 8, s. 2010, as amended by Executive Order No. 136 signed last 28 May 2013:

- BOT Center renamed as PPP Center
- PPP Center Services:
 - Provide advisory services
 - Facilitate development of PPP projects
 - Manage the Project Development and Monitoring Facility
 - Capacitate national implementing agencies and LGUs
 - Advocate policy reforms
 - Monitor implementation of PPP projects
- Expanded mandate:
 - o BOT Law
 - Joint Venture arrangements
 - Other PPP arrangements
- PPP Center directly reports to the PPP Governing Board



INSTITUTIONAL EVOLUTION OF THE PPP CENTER

Evolving Institutional Role in Critical Phases of Private Sector Engagement

Estrada

Administration 1998-2001

- Renamed BOT program to Private Sector Participation (PSP) program
- Coordinating Council for Private Sector Participation Program (CCPSP)under the Office of the President

Arroyo Administration 2001-2010

- Revert to BOT Program
- BOT Center
 under DTI

Aquino
Administration
2010-Present

Renamed PPP
Center and
attached to
NEDA

Ramos Administration 1992-1998

- Aquino
 Administration

 Amended BOT
 Law (RA 7718)
- BOT Center under Office of the President Coordinating Council of the Philippine Assistance Center (CCCPAP)

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PPP MILESTONES

Policy Enhancements

Updated the Implementing Rules and Regulations of the current BOT law

Created Dispute Mechanisms in PPP contracts

Established the PPP Governing Board

Enhanced framework for PPPs through the issuance of policy circulars and guidelines

Process Improvements

Streamlined PPP appraisal process

Institutionalized market feedback during project preparation; systematic and transparent bidder interaction during tender process

Capacity Building

Continuous strengthening of capacities of implementing agencies and local government units (LGUs)

Building a Robust Pipeline

Established the Project Development and Monitoring Facility (PDMF)

22 internationallyrenowned PDMF panel of consulting firms

40 Projects with Project Development and Monitoring Facility (PDMF) support

10 awarded projects with a total value of USD 4.20 Billion

42 projects in the pipeline amounting to USD 19.00 Billion



PPP ON-GOING INITIATIVES

Policy Enhancements

Policy Framework

Process Improvements

Capacity Building

Building a Robust Pipeline

Further enhancement of the legal and regulatory framework for PPPs through the enactment of the PPP Act and the issuance of several policy circulars and guidelines

Institutionalizatio n of the Contingent Liability Fund; and other process & policy reforms Standardize policies and systems in engaging private sector in the water sector

Develop the Philippines' capital markets for infrastructure financing

Fast-track and improve hiring of independent consultants through the PDMF

Standardize PPP contracts

Establish more streamlined project monitoring and evaluation protocols

Hiring of probity advisors for bigticket project Further develop communication strategies and knowledge management (KM) through the PPP KM Portal

Continuous institutional partnerships with development partners to build capacities of PPPC, oversight agencies, implementing agencies, and LGUs

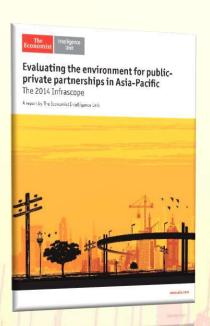
Building pipeline of LGU projects through PDMF

Assistance to LGUs thru partnering with educational institutions



RECOGNITIONS

PH: Most-improved in Asia-Pacific for PPP Readiness INFRASCOPE 2014



Analysis of a benchmark index and learning tool that assesses the readiness and capacity of countries in the Asia-Pacific Region to carry out sustainable, long term PPP

Ranking Criteria:

- Legal and regulatory framework (25%)
- Institutional framework (20%)
- Operational maturity (15%)
- Investment climate (15%)
- Financial facilities (15%)
- Sub-national adjustment factor (10%)

	OVERALL SCORE	
	Rank	Score
	1 Australia	91.8
	² United Kingdom	88.1
	3 Republic of Korea	78.8
	4 Japan	75.8
	5 India	70.3
	6 India - Guiarat state	68.0
	7 Philippines	64.6
	8 People's Republic of China	55.9
	9 Indonesia	53.5
	10 Thailand	50.4
	11 Pakistan - Sindh province	49.9
	12 Bangladesh	49.3
	13 Kazakhstan	41.4
	14 Pakistan	41.0
	15 Mongolia	39.7
	16 Armenia	38.0
	17 Papua New Guinea	33.5
	18 Viet Nam	33.1
	19 Kyrgyz Republic	29.5
	20 Tajikistan	28.7
	21 Georgia	26.2
-		

	Overall Index	Regulatory Framework	Institutional Framework	Operational Maturity	Investment Climate	Financial Facilities	Sub-national Adjustment
Score	64.6	68.8	66.7	54.5	75.3	63.9	50.0
Rank	7	4	4	9	7	8	6



RECOGNITIONS

PPP CENTER:
Best Central Government
PPP Promoter
PARTNERSHIPS AWARDS 2014



PPP CENTER:
Asia-Pacific
Grantor of the Year
IJ GLOBAL
AWARDS 2014



PPP CENTER:
PPP Agency of the Year
The ASSET Triple A Asia
Infrastructure Awards





LIST OF PPP PROJECTS

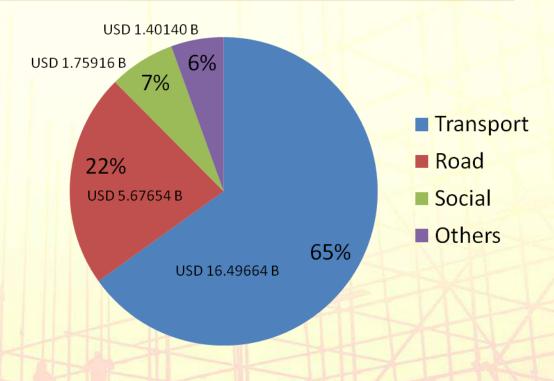
STATUS	NO. OF PROJECTS	ESTIMATED COST (in billion USD)
PROJECTS UNDER IMPLEMENTATION		
Awarded	10	4.20
Other projects for implementation	2	2.13
PROJECTS IN THE PIPELINE		
Project for Awarding	1	.09
Projects under procurement	14	11.46
Project approved for roll-out	2	2.4
For approval of relevant government bodies	7	3.77
Projects with ongoing studies	4	1.28
For procurement of consultants	7	TBD
Under conceptualization or development	7	TBD
Sub-Total	42	18.99*
TOTAL	54	25.33*

^{*}This does not include 16 projects with no estimated costs yet



PPP PROJECTS BY SECTOR

Sector	No. of Projects	Estimated Cost (in Billion USD)	
Transport	24	16.49664	
Airport	9	5.67964	
Rail	7	9.17511	
Transport	7	1.21989	
Port	1	0.42200	
Road	12	5.67654	
Social	8	1.75916	
Education	3	0.45093	
Health	4	0.19311	
Prisons	1	1.11511	
Others	10	1.40140	
Tourism	3	0.07406	
Water	2	0.95831	
Energy	2	0.32714	
IT	2	0.04190	
Agriculture	1	TBD	
TOTAL	54	25.33374	



Economic infra projects (transportation and road) to achieve inclusive growth account for almost **90%** of the PPP list of projects

Transport sector consists of **USD 16.5 Billion** or 65% of the total **USD 25.3 Billion** list of PPP projects



AWARDED PROJECTS

1992 - 1998



2

PROJECTS AWARDED

Database Infrastructure & Information Technology System (LTO-ICT)

Southern Tagalog Arterial Road (STAR)

USD 128 Million

1998 - 2001



3

PROJECTS AWARDED

Civil Registry System (NSO-ICT)

Land Titling Computerization (LRA-ICT)

Clark Water Supply & Sewerage

USD 202 Million

2001 - 2010



1

PROJECTS AWARD

Tarlac - La Union Toll Expressway Project (TPLEX)

USD 35 Million

Estimated Cost

AWARDED & SIGNED PPP PROJECTS PER ADMINISTRATION

Solicited National Infrastructure and Development Projects using the BOT Law (RA 7718)*

*Under each administration, Implementing Agencies (IAs) including GOCC undertook PPP projects using the solicited mode of the Buil-Operate-Transfer (BOT) Law or RA 7718. The data excludes PPP projects undertaken by LGUs, unsolicited projects; and those using Joint Venture Agreements and/or special laws or issuances. The project costs are estimated in nominal value.

*Other PPP projects undertaken through Special Laws/Issuances: (1) PFVR - MWSS Privatization - RA 8041 (Water Crisis Act) as implemented by EO 286 s. December 6, 1995 and EO 311 s. March 20, 1996, Power Projects - EO 215 s. July 10, 1987 (Amending Presidential Decree no. 40 and Allowing the Private Sector to Generate Electricity; (2) PGMA - MRT 7 - Unsolicted project under RA 7718 (San Miguel Corp.) (3) PNOY - Skyway Stage 3 Project - extension of the existing JV Agreement PNCC and CITRA, NLEX-SLEX Rpad Connector - extension of the existing JV Agreement between PNCC and MNTC.

As of June 2015

2010 - Present



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PROJECTS AWARDED

Daang Hari - SLEX Link Road Project

PPP for School Infrastructure Project (PSIP) Phase I

NAIA Expressway (Phase II) Project

PPP for School Infrastructure Project (PSIP) Phase II

Modernization of the Philippine Orthopedic Center (MPOC)

Automatic Fare Collection System (AFCS)

Mactan - Cebu International Airport Passenger Terminal Building (MCIA)

LRT Line 1 Cavite Extension and Operation & Maintenance

Integrated Transport System (ITS)
- Southwest Terminal

Cavite Laguna Expressway (CALAx) Project

USD 4.2 Billion

Estimated Cost



AWARDED PROJECTS

Comparison between Independent Power Producer (RA 7648) vs. Public-Private Partnership (BOT Law)

RA 7648 RA 7718

Republic Act 7648
Electric Power Crisis Act of 1993



LEGAL BASIS



Republic Act 6957, as amended by Republic Act 7718 Build-Operate-Transfer Law

Negotiated Contract (Sec. 3, RA 7648)



PROCUREMENT PROCESS



Competitive Public Bidding (Sec. 6, ra 7718)

None



FEASIBILITY STUDY



Yes

Solely made by the President



APROVAL PROCESS



PPP project undergoes review & evaluation through this process:

- Technical Working Group
- endorsement by Investment Coordinatio Committee (ICC) to NEDA Board
- Neda Board Approval

Includes:

- Foreign Exchange Risk - Market risk

- Take or pay undertaking



GOVERNMENT GUARANTEES



Risk Sharing between Government and Private Partner



PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP CENTER OF THE PHILIPPINES

As of October 2015

Awarded PPP Projects

Muntinlupa-Cavite Expressway (MCX) PPP for School Infrastructure Project (PSIP) Phase I

Automatic Fare Collection System (AFCS) Project PPP for School Infrastructure Project (PSIP) Phase II Mactan-Cebu International Airport (MCIA) Passenger Terminal Building Project











Start of Operation: 24 JULY 2015

9,223
classrooms
completed &
delivered

Beep Cards are being used in all three lines (LRT 1/LRT 2/MRT 3) 1,500 classrooms completed & delivered

Construction of second terminal ongoing.
Installation of self-check in kiosk & other physical improvements in place



Awarded PPP Projects

LRT Line 1 Cavite Extension and O&M Project

NAIA Expressway (Phase II) Prject Southwest Integrated Transport System (ITS) Project Cavite Laguna Expressway (CALAx) Project Modernization of the Philippine Orthopedic Center (MPOC) Project



Handover
of existing
system to
Light Rail
Manila Corp.
last Sept 12
2015
On-going
pre-construction

activities



Construction
On-going
52.97% complete



Contract Signed: 24 APRIL 2015

On-going pre-construction activities

Procurement of Independent Consultant



Contract Signed:

10 JULY
2015
On-going
pre-construction

Procurement of Independent Consultant

activities



On-going pre-construction activities

Procurement of Independent Consultant





LAGUNA LAKESHORE EXPRESSWAY DIKE PROJECT

PHP 122.8 BILLION USD 2.73 BILLION

BULACAN BULK WATER SUPPLY PROJECT

PHP 24.4 BILLION USD 542.22 MILLION NEW CENTENNIAL WATER SOURCE - KALIWA DAM PROJECT

> PHP 18.72 BILLION USD 416 MILLION

OPERATION & MAINTENANCE OF LRT LINE 2 PROJECT

NO CAPEX



NEW BOHOL (PANGLAO)
OPERATIONS, MAINTENANCE
& DEVELOPMENT PROJECT

PHP 2.34 BILLION USD 52 MILLION



LAGUINDINGAN AIRPORT OPERATIONS, MAINTENANCE & DEVELOPMENT PROJECT

> PHP 14.62 BILLION USD 324 MILLION



DAVAO AIRPORT
OPERATIONS, MAINTENANCE &
DEVELOPMENT PROJECT

PHP 40.57 BILLION USD 901 MILLION BACOLOD AIRPORT OPERATIONS, MAINTENANCE & DEVELOPMENT PROJECT

> PHP 20.26 BILLION USD 450 MILLION

ILOILO AIRPORT OPERATIONS, MAINTENANCE & DEVELOPMENT PROJECT

> PHP 30.40 BILLION USD 675 MILLION



REGIONAL PRISON FACILITIES THROUGH PPP PROJECT

> PHP 50.18 BILLION USD 1.115 BIILION

DAVAO SASA PORT MODERNIZATION PROJECT

> PHP 18.99 BILLION USD 422 MILLION



NORTH-SOUTH RAILWAY PROJECT (SOUTH LINE)

> PHP 170.70 BILLION USD 3.79 BILLION

ROAD TRANSPORT INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT (PHASE II)

> PHP 298 MILLION USD 6.63 MILLION

CIVIL REGISTRY SYSTEM -INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY PROJECT (PHASE II)

> PHP 1.59 BILLION USD 35.27 MILLION



PROJECTS UNDER PROCUREMENT

14
PROJECTS

PHP 515.87
BILLION

USD 11.46
BILLION

(AS OF OCTOBER 2015)





LRT LINE 6 PROJECT

PHP 65.09 BILLION USD 1.45 BILLION

PROJECTS



LRT LINE 4 PROJECT

PHP 42.89 BILLION USD 953 MILLION

PHP 107.98 BILLION

USD 2.39 MILLION







NLEX-SLEX Connector road Project

PHP 23.20 BILLION USD 515 MILLION



BATANGAS-MANILA (BATMAN) 1 NATURAL GAS PIPELINE PROJECT

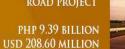


MOTOR-VEHICLE INSPECTION SYSTEM (MVIS) PROJECT

PHP 44.55 BILLION USD 989.89 MILLION



PLARIDEL BYPAS TOLL ROAD PROJECT





NEW NAYONG PILIPINO ENTERTAINMENT CITY PROJECT



PHP 1.70 BILLION USD 37.81 MILLION

PHILIPPINE TRAVEL CENTER PROJECT

PHP 1.58 BILLION USD 35.2 MILLION



FOR APPROVAL OF Relevant Government Bodies

PROJECTS

PHP 169.70
BILLION

USD 3.771
BILLION

(AS OF OCTOBER 2015)

